

## Windows

To find the Host Name:

1. Go to the Start menu and type “*cmd*” in the search field. Choose *cmd.exe* to open a command prompt.
2. Type “*hostname*” to print the Host Name. In this case it is “Support1-PC”.

```
C:\ Command Prompt
C:\Users\dan>hostname
Support1-PC
```

To find the MAC address:

1. Go to the Start menu and type “*cmd*” in the search field. Choose *cmd.exe* to open a command prompt.
2. Type “*getmac /V*” to print the MAC addresses of the available network adapters.

```
C:\ Command Prompt
C:\Users\dan>getmac /V
Connection Name Network Adapter Physical Address Transport Name
-----
Local Area Conn Intel(R) 82567U 70-71-BC-17-A1-64 \Device\NPF{97DF7FE3-EC28-42C5-B90A-B5A4B1242EBE}
Wireless Networ Atheros 802.11 00-26-82-6B-BE-7F Media disconnected
```

3. Use the “Physical Address” of the first physical network adapter as the MAC address. It’s usually the top line but don’t use anything that mentions “virtual” in the Network Adapter name. Instead, proceed to the first physical device in the list. In this case it is “70-71-BC-17-A1-64”.

## Linux

To find the Host Name:

1. Go to “Applications->System tools->Terminal” to open a terminal.
2. Type “*hostname*” to print the Host Name. In this case it is “penguin”.

```
[danm@penguin ~]$ hostname
penguin
```

To find the MAC address:

1. Go to “Applications->System tools->Terminal” to open a terminal.
2. Type “*ip link*” to print the MAC addresses of the available network adapters.

```
[danm@penguin ~]$ ip link
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN
   link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state UP qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:25:90:f2:6a:5e brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
3: eth1: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:25:90:f2:6a:5f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
4: eth2: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:25:90:f2:6a:60 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
5: eth3: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:25:90:f2:6a:61 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
[danm@penguin ~]$ █
```

3. Use the “link/ether” ID after the loopback entry as the MAC address. In this case you would use the “eth0” entry and the MAC address would be “00:25:90:f2:6a:5e”.